

Describe how the graph $y = \sqrt{x}$ has been transformed.

$$A1. y = \sqrt{x-1} + 3 \quad D1. y = -\sqrt{x-1} \quad G1. y = 2\sqrt{x} \quad J1. y = 3\sqrt{-x-1}$$

$\rightarrow 1$ $\uparrow 3$

reflected w.r.t. x-axis

Describe how the graph $y = |x|$ has been transformed.

$$A2. y = |x+7| - 4 \quad D2. y = |-x| \quad G2. y = \frac{1}{2}|3x| \quad J2. y = -3|2x-2| = -3|2(x-1)|$$

$\leftarrow 7$ $\downarrow 4$

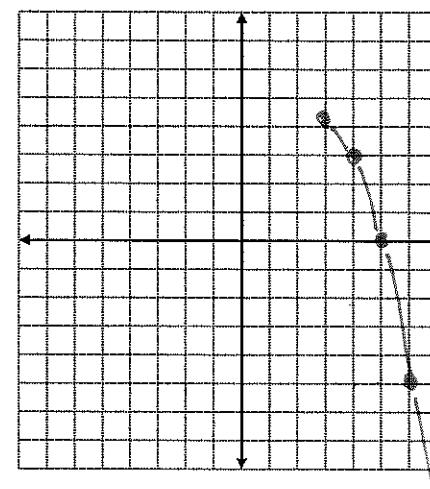
reflect w.r.t. y-axis

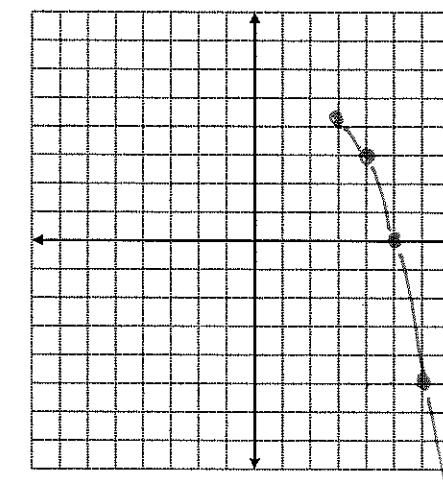
The point $(6, -3)$ is on the graph $y = f(x)$. Determine the coordinates of the corresponding point.

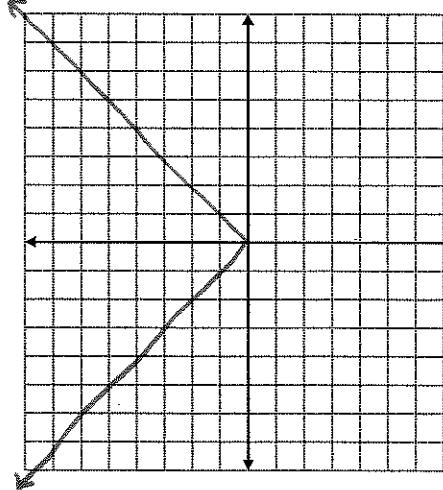
$$B1. y = f(x-3) + 2 \quad E1. y = f(-x) \quad H1. y = \frac{1}{3}f(2x) \quad K1. y = -3f(-(x-4)) + 2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x+3 \\ 6+3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} y+2 \\ -3+2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -x, y \\ -6, -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}x, \frac{1}{3}y \\ \frac{1}{2} \cdot 6, \frac{1}{3} \cdot -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -(x-4), -3(y+2) \\ (-6-4), -3(-3)+2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Sketch the graph of each function.

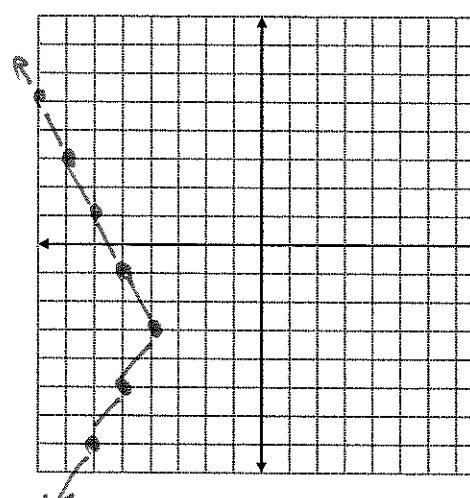
$$B2. y = \sqrt{x+4} + 3$$


$$H2. y = 2\sqrt{-x}$$


$$K2. y = -\frac{1}{2}(x-3) - 4$$


Write the equation of the image of $y = x^2$ after the following transformations.

$$C1. \text{ Translated 8 units right and 6 units up. } y = (x-8)^2 + 6$$



$$F1. \text{ A vertical reflection in the x-axis. } y = -x^2$$

$$I1. \text{ A vertical expansion by 2 and a horizontal compression by } \frac{1}{4}. \quad y = 2((4x)^2)$$

- L1. A vertical expansion by 3, a vertical reflection in the x-axis, and a translation 4 units left and 5 units down.

$$y = -3(x+4)^2 - 5$$

Write the equation of the image of $y = f(x)$ after the following transformations.

C2. A translation 5 units left and 4 units down.

F2. A horizontal reflection in the y-axis.

I2. A vertical compression by $1/3$ and a horizontal expansion by 5. $y = \frac{1}{3}f(\frac{1}{5}x)$

$$y = f(-x)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}f(\frac{1}{5}x)$$

L2. A horizontal compression by $1/3$, a vertical compression by $1/2$, a horizontal reflection in the y-axis and a translation 6 units right and 2 units up.

$$y = \frac{1}{2}f(-3(x+6)) + 2$$

Determine the equation of the inverse, restricting the domain of the original function if necessary.

$$\text{M1/01. } y = (x-1)^2 + 3$$

$$\pm\sqrt{x-3} = \sqrt{y-1}$$

$$y = \pm\sqrt{x-3} + 1$$

$$\text{Restriction S}$$

$$x \geq 1$$

$$x \leq 1$$

$$\text{M2. } y = 3x + 6$$

$$x = 3y + 6$$

No restrictions

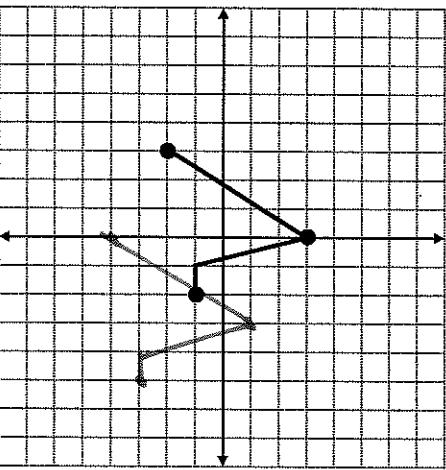
N1/02. Sketch the graph of $y = x^2 - 4$ and

its inverse on the same grid. Restrict the domain of the original function so that the inverse is a function.

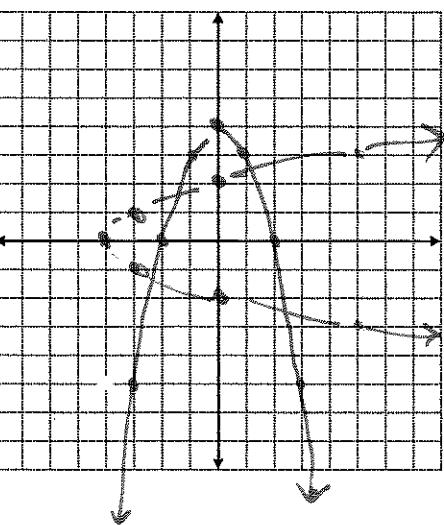
$$x \geq 0 \text{ or } x \leq 0$$

Given $f(x)$, sketch the graph of each function.

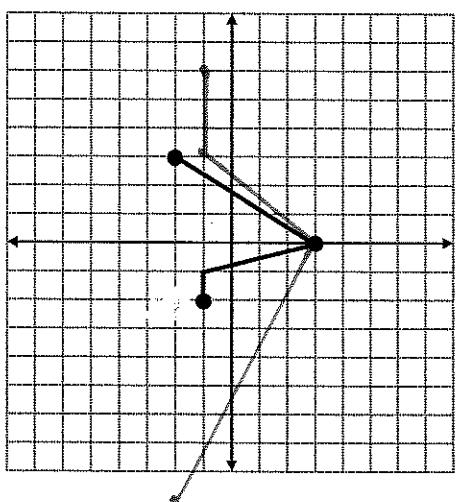
B3. $y = f(x-3) - 2$



H3. $y = f(-\frac{1}{3}x)$



K3. $y = -2f(x+1) + 3$



N2. $y = f^{-1}(x)$

